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RESEARCH ARTICLE

New combinations in *Anthoxanthum* (*Poaceae*) for Aotearoa / New Zealand taxa earlier placed in *Hierochloe*

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Abstract. New combinations in *Anthoxanthum* (*Poaceae*) are provided for six endemic Aotearoa / New Zealand species earlier placed in *Hierochloe*: *Anthoxanthum brunonis* (Hook. f.) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*Hierochloe brunonis* Hook. f.), *A. cupreum* (Zotov) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*H. cuprea* Zotov), *A. equisetum* (Zotov) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*H. equisetum* Zotov), *A. fuscum* (Zotov) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*H. fusca* Zotov), *A. novae-zelandiae* Gand. de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*H. novae-zelandiae* Gand.) and *A. recurvatum* (Hack.) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*H. fraseri* Hook. f. var. *recurvata* Hack.). These six combinations were omitted from Schouten and Veldkamp (1985), in which the then recognised *Hierochloe* were transferred to *Anthoxanthum* and in subsequent treatments.

Keywords: *Anthoxanthinae*, *Anthoxanthum*, Aotearoa / New Zealand, *Hierochloe*, new combinations, *Poaceae*, taxonomy

Introduction

When Schouten and Veldkamp (1985) elected to merge *Hierochloe* R. Br. into *Anthoxanthum* L. they left the Aotearoa / New Zealand species treated by Zotov (1973) in *Hierochloe* because they felt (p. 346) that (with our added words in [*]) ‘another revision of the material [species] is needed’. The noted Aotearoa / New Zealand agrostologist Henry Connor (de Lange, 2016) completed that required revision of *Hierochloe* for Volume V of the *Flora of New Zealand* series (Edgar, Connor, 2000). Although he elected to leave the species in *Hierochloe*, he stated that (*in litt.* 1 April 2008 to the senior author — PdL hereafter) ‘I am

looking at Papua N[ew] G[uinea] specimens that the Dutch now want to include in *Anthoxanthum*?... ‘There are floral differences [between both genera] and I like to keep them distinct but they [the Dutch and others] may have a point’. Connor’s last letter to PdL on the subject of generic position (29 March 2011) concerned a set of *Hierochloe* sent by PdL from the Chatham Islands for a revision of the species on that island group planned by Connor and him. Those specimens prompted him to write, tellingly, ‘it seems clear others [who is never said] want them [*Hierochloe*] in *Anthox[anthum]*, I like them where they are... they have a different reproductive system and base chromosome number ($x = 7$ c.f. $x = 5$) but when I am gone

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they could go there [i.e. into *Anthoxanthum*]. Henry Connor passed on the 26 July 2016 (de Lange, 2016) after several years of deteriorating health, the revision he and PdL planned never eventuated. What was clear though was that despite his private vacillations to PdL, Connor preferred to retain *Hierochloe* as distinct from *Anthoxanthum* citing floral, floral biology and cytological evidence to keep them apart (Connor 2008, 2012; Connor, Renvoize 2009; Edgar, Connor, 2000, 2010). Not surprisingly then, this viewpoint has been the one subscribed to mostly within Aotearoa / New Zealand.

Connor's views and the preferences of Aotearoa / New Zealand aside, it seems evident from a perusal of world literature on the subject that opinion on merging *Hierochloe* or not, remains an unresolved issue. Those favouring the merger by and large repeat the views of Schouten and Veldkamp (1985), namely, that there are morphological intermediates between *Anthoxanthum* and *Hierochloe* and that the main morphological distinction between both genera is floral. *Anthoxanthum* has hermaphrodite apical florets with no lodicules and two basal, epaleate neutral florets, whereas *Hierochloe* has bisexual or female apical florets without lodicules, with the two lower florets paleate or male (see summary by Lema-Suárez et al., 2018, 2021; Pimentel et al., 2013; Villalobos et al., 2019). Accordingly, many botanists dealing with regional flora treatments have simply made the necessary combinations for *Hierochloe* in *Anthoxanthum* without comment e.g., Allred and Barkworth (2007) for North America species and Chepinoga et al. (2023) for Asian Russia ones. Further, there seems to be increasing molecular support for merging *Hierochloe* into *Anthoxanthum*, least ways as judged by assessments given in Saarela et al. (2010), Pimentel et al. (2013), Soreng et al. (2015), Tkach et al. (2020) — to list but a few of a long list of examples. However, starting with the elegant summaries by Connor (2008, 2012), some botanists, notably from South America, have maintained that the floral distinctions and differences in base chromosome numbers (*Anthoxanthum* $x = 5$, *Hierochloe*, $x = 7$) are more than sufficient to justify keeping the genera separate (see for example Lema-Suárez et al., 2018; Lema-Suárez et al., 2021).

Recently, in Aotearoa / New Zealand, Ford (2023) elected to use *Anthoxanthum redolens* (Vahl) P. Royen for the 'taonga' (Te Reo Māori word meaning 'treasure') karetu / Holy grass — widely known in that country as *Hierochloe redolens* (Vahl) Roem. & Schult. Although Ford did not detail the

taxonomic debate on the issue, he went further and adopted the name in preference to *Hierochloe redolens* on the New Zealand Plant Conservation Network, adding further that *H. brunonis* and *H. fusca* are probably better regarded as part of *A[nthoxanthum] redolens* (Ford 2024), a view contrary to the findings of Edgar and Connor (2000, 2010).

When Ford (2023, 2024) made these decisions, this left six Aotearoa / New Zealand endemic *Hierochloe* without names in *Anthoxanthum*. On investigating these *Hierochloe* using *Plants of the World Online* (<https://powo.science.kew.org/>), we were surprised to find unpublished combinations for these six endemic *Hierochloe* in *Anthoxanthum* e.g., "*A. brunonis* (Hook. f.) ined." (<https://powo.science.kew.org/results?q=Hierochloe%20brunonis>).

On questioning *Plants of the World Online* about this apparent anomaly, we were told (R. Govaerts, pers. comm. May 2024) that '[Plants of the World Online] normally leave such names [nom. ined.] as unplaced but sometimes [they] put in some time to figure out all the synonymy and then it is more practical to put them under the correct name, so that is why there are sometimes ined./unpublished names'. The implication is that the authors of that website consider that *Hierochloe* should be reduced to synonymy in *Anthoxanthum*.

Whilst the literature suggests that the merger of *Hierochloe* proposed by Schouten and Veldkamp (1985) is still not universally accepted (Lema-Suárez et al. 2021), we think it preferable to provide combinations in *Anthoxanthum* for those Aotearoa / New Zealand *Hierochloe* lacking formal combinations. This is preferable to having names listed as 'ined.' so not effectively published on a world database of plant names. As stated earlier, Schouten and Veldkamp (1985) refrained from making the necessary combinations because they said a revision of the Aotearoa / New Zealand species of *Hierochloe* was needed. This has now been done (Edgar, Connor, 2000, 2010), and whilst some questions remain about the species on the Chatham Islands, there is now no reason not to make the necessary combinations in *Anthoxanthum* here. This situation is similar to that undertaken for members of the *Blechnum vulcanicum* (Blume) Kuhn complex, for which new combinations in that genus were proposed by Chambers and Wilson (2019) and then de Lange and Parris (2019) made the necessary combinations of those taxa in *Cranfillia* Gasper & V.A.O. Dittrich to provide legitimate name options for those preferring the generic segregation of the

Blechnaceae advocated by the Pteridophyte Phylogeny Group (PPG, 2016) and followed by many botanists worldwide.

Therefore, we make the necessary combinations under *Anthoxanthum* which we accept in the broad sense.

New Combinations

Anthoxanthum brunonis (Hook. f.) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov.

Basionym: *Hierochloe brunonis* Hook. f., Bot. Antarct. Voy. 1 (Fl. Antarct.): 93 (1845) ≡ *H. antarctica* (Labill.) R. Br. var. *brunonis* (Hook. f.) Zotov, Trans. Roy. Soc. New Zealand 73: 234 (1943)

Life Science Identified (LSID): urn:lsid:ipni.org:names:77343403-1

Anthoxanthum cupreum (Zotov) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov.

Basionym: *Hierochloe cuprea* Zotov, New Zealand J. Bot. 11: 571 (1973)

Life Science Identified (LSID): urn:lsid:ipni.org:names:773404-1

Anthoxanthum equisetum (Zotov) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov.

Basionym: *Hierochloe equiseta* Zotov, New Zealand J. Bot. 11: 568 (1973)

Life Science Identified (LSID): urn:lsid:ipni.org:names:77343405-1

Anthoxanthum fuscum (Zotov) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov.

Basionym: *Hierochloe fusca* Zotov, New Zealand J. Bot. 11: 576 (1973)

Life Science Identified (LSID): urn:lsid:ipni.org:names:77343406-1

Anthoxanthum novae-zelandiae (Gand.) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov.

Basionym: *Hierochloe novae-zelandiae* Gand., Bull. Soc. Bot. France 66: 300 (1920)

Life Science Identified (LSID): urn:lsid:ipni.org:names:77343407-1

Anthoxanthum recurvatum (Hack.) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov.

Basionym: *Hierochloe fraseri* Hook. f. var. *recurvata* Hack., in Cheeseman, Manual New Zealand Fl: 856 (1906) ≡ *H. alpina* (Sw. ex Willd.) Roem. & Schult. var. *recurvata* (Hack.) Zotov, Trans. Roy. Soc. New Zealand 73: 235 (1943) ≡ *H. recurvata* (Hack.) Zotov, New Zealand J. Bot. 11: 566 (1973)

Life Science Identified (LSID): urn:lsid:ipni.org:names:77343408-1


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ETHICS DECLARATION

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

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Нові комбінації в роді *Anthoxanthum* (Poaceae) для новозеландських видів, які раніше включалися до роду *Hierochloe*

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Реферат. Запропоновано нові комбінації в роді *Anthoxanthum* (Poaceae) для шести ендемічних для Нової Зеландії видів, які раніше включалися до складу роду *Hierochloe*: *Anthoxanthum brunonis* (Hook. f.) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*Hierochloe brunonis* Hook. f.), *A. cupreum* (Zotov) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*H. cuprea* Zotov), *A. equisetum* (Zotov), de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*H. equisetum* Zotov), *A. fuscum* (Zotov) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*H. fuscum* Zotov), *A. novae-zelandiae* (Gand.) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*H. novae-zelandiae* Gand.) і *A. recurvatum* (Hack.) de Lange & C.J. James, comb. nov. (*H. fraseri* Hook. f. var. *recurvata* Hack.). Ці шість комбінацій були пропущені при перенесенні раніше визнаних видів *Hierochloe* до роду *Anthoxanthum* (Schouten, Veldkamp, 1985) і в подальших опрацюваннях.

Ключові слова: *Anthoxanthinae*, *Anthoxanthum*, *Hierochloe*, *Poaceae*, Нова Зеландія, нові комбінації, таксономія